18



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

e application of: Glazer et al.

Serial No. 10/617,208

Filed: July 10, 2003

For:

Multifunctional Recombinant

Phycobiliprotein-Based Fluorescent Constructs and Phycobilisome

Display

Group Art Unit: Not yet assigned

Examiner: Not yet assigned

Attorney Docket No. B00-016-2

DECLARATION UNDER 37CFR1.131

- 1. We are the coinventors of the subject patent application.
- 2. Attached Exhibit IV is photocopies of 15 pages from a laboratory notebook maintained by inventor Yuping Cai during his tenure in the laboratory of inventor Alexander Glazer, and describing our work performed between November 1997 and April 1998 in the United States and which demonstrates our production of (i) a fusion protein comprising a functional displayed domain and a functional phycobiliprotein domain incorporated in a functional oligomeric phycobiliprotein; (ii) a cell comprising a functional oligomeric phycobiliprotein comprising a fusion protein comprising a functional displayed domain and a functional phycobiliprotein domain; and (iii) a fusion protein comprising a functional displayed domain and a functional phycobiliprotein domain incorporated in a functional oligomeric phycobiliprotein, wherein the oligomeric phycobiliprotein provides a fluorescent tag.
- 3. In particular, the 15 pages are from notebook "YAC #10" section "GCN4pLI Tetramers", and describe experimental result showing the use of Strep-tagged phycocyanin to fluorescently stain streptavidin-coated agarose beads:

Pages 1 to 7: making of expression plasmid pBS323 encoding the HisTag-StrepII-pLI-CpcA fusion protein; and plasmid map and relevant information.

Page 8: purification of the fusion protein from E. coli cells.

Pages 9-15: purification from Anabaena cells, and characterization of An323 (HisTag-StrepII-pLI-CpcA:CpcB recombinant protein); and use of An323 to stain streptavidin-coated agarose beads (page 10). The binding of the StrepII tag-containing recombinant phycobiliprotein An323 to streptavidin was shown to be specific.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Title 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

A.K. Glazes	08/02/03
Alexander N. Glazer	Date
Yuping Cai	Date

Pages 9-15: purification from Anabaena cells, and characterization of An323 (HisTag-StrepII-pLI-CpcA:CpcB recombinant protein); and use of An323 to stain streptavidin-coated agarose beads (page 10). The binding of the StrepII tag-containing recombinant phycobiliprotein An323 to streptavidin was shown to be specific.

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Alexander N. Glazer

Date

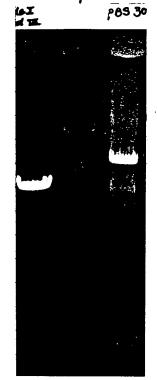
Yuping Cai

Date

To make Histag-Strepteg2-GCN4pLI-CpcA:

PBS 309 × NdeI+ HadII - 4.7] pAN upcA x NdeI + HmdII --> 0.45

11/21/97. Digistions done by Haidy looks like the a extra Met site in 12/10/97. The pBS309 is remade and cleaned up.



Bands cut out, combined, and stored at - 20°C.

12/19/97. Generleaned and ligated.

12/20/97. Lighton mix used to transform DHJX. Selection: LA+Sp100-30°C.

12/22/97. Hout 300 transformants on the 4,0 plate. More on the 9/10 plate. Eight picked for minimup.

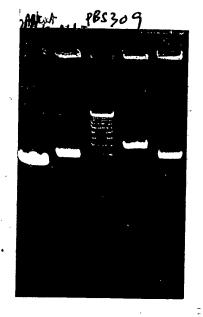
12/24/97. Minipreps made by Yuping.

12/26/97 Digestion of the eight minipreps w/ NdeI+ HindIII shows that none has the 0.45-kb insert. Need to repeat.

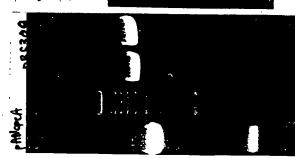
12/29/97. Prestions repeated. Bands cut out, combined, and stored at -20°C.

17/98. Generleaned and lighted >

1/8/98. Ligation mix used to transform DH5d. Selection: LA+Sp. 30°C. Put to RH the next day





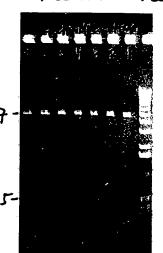


4444

12/98. About 200 transformant on the 410 plate, more on the 9/10 plate. Eight picked for minipreps.

113/98. Minipreps made by Haidy.

1/14/98. Digestion of the eight minipreps (by Steve) with BspWIII (accidental) shows that * 6 downt have an insert. The rest need to be check with NdeI+HMADI.



ninipreps (by Harry) with NOET + Hind I show that every

At is saved as pBS323v (5,2346p) *4 and *5 used to isolate Ec 323. Both cultures give high yield of the espected 25.5 KD protein (see gel).

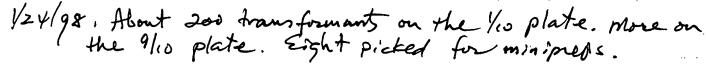
to make pBS323:

(pBS 323 V × Bgl I > 2625 = 490 JPBS 150N x BQI = 3852 =

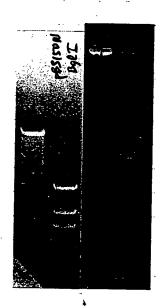
1/16/98. Digestions done. Bands out out, combined.

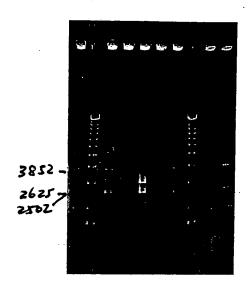
1/21/98. Generleaned and ligated.

1/22/98. Ligation mix used to transform DH5.2. Selection, LA+Sp100, 30'c.



1/27/98. Minipreps made by Wendy.





1/28 (98. Digestion of the eight minimups (by Steve) with Bell Shows that all but \$5 (ook cornect. \$7 saved as pBS323 (8,979 bp).

1/29/98. Plasnid DNA of pBS323 used to transform HBIOI (pRior28). Selection: LA+ Cm+ Sp. 30°C.

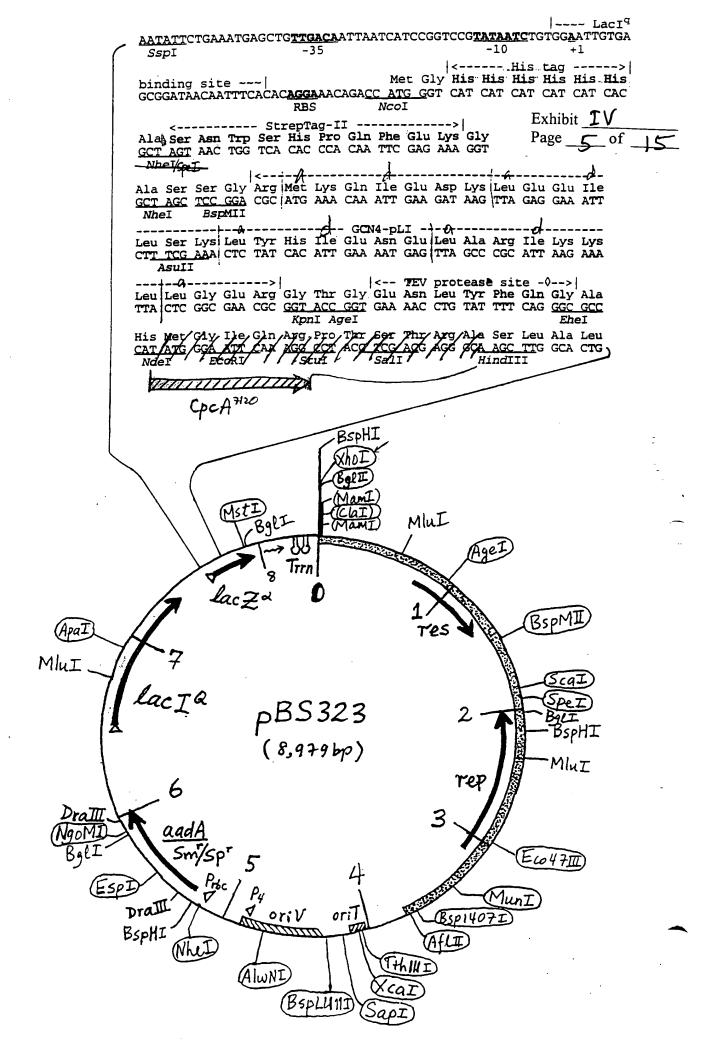
1/3/198. Hundreds of transformants obtained.

+114/95. All cell spots have your some. The mating filter is transferred to AACO Sm1.0 Sp10 plate. Putt back under HL.

2/19/98. The rontrol spots are dying, and exconjugant, are seen. The mating filter is than ferred to a new plate of AADSmr. osp10. Put under AL.

2/26/98. Control spots are mostly dead, and lots of exconjugants are seen. Some used to streak on new plater of AADSm1.0Sp10, and insculated AAJSDSp10 flax cultures. Put under HZ.

4/17/95. Flask cultures of Anabacana Pcipso (pBS 323) look yellowish and reddish fluorescent. Streets on plates also look unhealthy.



Predicted Structural Class of the Whole Protein: Alpha Deléage & Roux Modification of Nishikawa & Ooi 1987

•	
Analysis	Wh le Protein
Molecular Weight	25525.70 m.w.
Length	233
1 microgram =	39.176 pMoles
Molar Extinction coefficient	25580±5%
1 A(280) =	1.00 mg/ml
Isoelectric Point	7.65

1.90

Whole Protein Composition Ana	alvsis
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Charge at pH 7

Whole Protein Compositi	Number	% by	% by
Amino Acid(s)	count	weight	frequency
Charged (RKHYCDE)	72	38.96	30.90
Acidic (DE)	24	11.70	10.30
Basic (KR)	24	13.37	10.30
Polar (NCQSTY)	64	28.77	27.47
Hydrophobic (AILFWV)	78	30.74	33.48
A Ala	30	8.36	12.88
C Cys	1	0.40	0.43
D Asp	8	3.61	3.43
E Glu	16	8.09	6.87
F Phe	6	3.46	2.58
G Gly	21	4.70	9.01
H His	12	6.45	5.15
l lle	14	6.21	6.01
K Lys	12	6.03	5.15
L Leu	21	9.31	9.01
M Met	3	1.54	1.29
N Asn	10	4.47	4.29
P Pro	7	2.66	3.00
Q Gln	. 11	5.52	4.72
R Arg	12	7.34	5.15
S Ser	17	5.80	7.30
T Thr	14	5.54	6.01
V Val	5	1.94	2.15
W Trp	2	1.46	0.86
Y Tyr	11	7.03	4.72
B Asx	0	0.00	0.00
Z Glx	0	0.00	0.00
X Xxx	0	0.00	0.00
. Ter	00	0.00	0.00

323.

25.5 KD

Histog-Shoplag2-GCM4pLI-CpcA

25,525.70

+ 585 (PCB)

26,110.70

fully chromophorylated

+ 19,572.00 (B)

45,682.70

20325 V- [120 (98 by STEUR.
Isolation of 6xHis-tagged proteins	
(for checking proteins on SDS-PAGE) Cell pe be frozen in 400-ml centrifuge tubes at -20°C	ellets from 850p 1 liter cultures should grown up at 30 C, D/N.
1. Add the following to solublize cells: 30 ml buffer G 25 ul ß-mercaptoethanol (final ~ 10 ml 300 ul 100x PMSF 1 ml 20% Triton X-100 (final ~ 0.5%) close bottle and shaker on 30°C shaker for 1	Page of 15
2. Transfer everything to a 40-ml Oakridge t 15,000 rpm for 20 min at 4°C.	ube, balance well, then centrifuge at
3. Transfer supernate to a new 50-ml tube, acrock in coldroom for 20 min. for His-tagged p	dd 2 to 3 ml Ni ²⁺ -NTA beads suspension, proteins to bind.
4. Pour in 1.5-cm (diam.) colum, let drain. R	eload 2x;
5. Wash with $\geq 10x$ bed volume buffer G ;	
6. Wash with ≥ 10x bed volume buffer GA ;	
7. Elute with 3 ml buffer GC , 2x; If proteins are to be renatured, sfter step 7 th GA, then dialyze against appropriate buffer (mM NaCl). If the isolated protein contains the protein needs to be rid of bound biotin by dialy (Urea can not denature StvC completely).	such as 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 150 le core streptavidin (StvC) moiety, the
8. Transfer the 6 ml eluate to a dialysis tubin coldroom for 2 hr to overnight. 9. If lots of proteins crash out of solution (as	g, dialyze against 4 L of H2O in
9. If lots of proteins crash out of solution (as spin, dissolve the precipitate with 1x SDS bu proteins in the supernate with equal volume	of 20% TCA.
10 Run SDS-PAGE to check proteins.	very little proteins in the

Very high yield of the experted 25.5 KD protein ? 5/20/gf.

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Academic Constitution

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An 323 (1st)

3/14/98 A 2-L culture of Anchaena Pecono (pBS 3-3) inoculated from several flash cultures (washed 2x1, into AAD)2 + 3 mm HSPESPH + Sp20. Put under HL, bubbled.

3/19/98. The culture has grown to a moderately dense one. relatively healthy-looking. yellowith green. DETC added to Final 0.5 mm. Put back under HL. Gubbled.

3/23/98. The culture has grown to a near black one whole-cell spec: 80323402.sp. Cells harvested by centrifugation—supernate medium is light yellowish green wet all weight = 1.6 + 1.7 + 2.2 gm. Stored at - 20°C

3/27/98. The 3.2 gm cell pellet used to make An323 protein. Cby may/Steve/ruping, see attached sheets).

12.5 ml total after dialysis.

A622 = A623 = 0.1933 x 10 = 1.933

$$\frac{mg/ml}{= \frac{1.933}{290,000} \times 45,682.70}$$
= 0.3 mg/ml

 $[M] = \frac{1.933}{290,000} = 6.7 \mu M$

, ,

4/2/98. Use Strc-Agarone beads to test binding.

Strc - Agarose beads from Sigma:

50% suspension. Specification: I ml packed get binds 23 mg Brotin. mw Brotin = 244.31; 23 mg => 0.09414 mmole = 94.14 n'mole

So: 2 ml bead suspension = 1 ml packed beads have 23.5 nmole immobilized strc.

=> 2.35 n Mole SteC/200, ul bead inspension. = 1.2 n Mole Stucflood bead surpension. ~ 4.7 n Mole binding site/100 M bead suspension.

An 323: b.7 n Mole monomer/m/,
1.4 m/ => 9.4 n Mole monomer.

=> 2:/ binding to 100 m/ Each suspension.

An321: 8.83 n Male monomer/m1. 1.064 ml = 9.4 nmole monomer \$ 2:1 binding to loom Beach ungenion as control-

Beads wished w/ buffer \$ 2x. look under UV: An323 beads Before Biotin much more fluorescent than Aysz1.

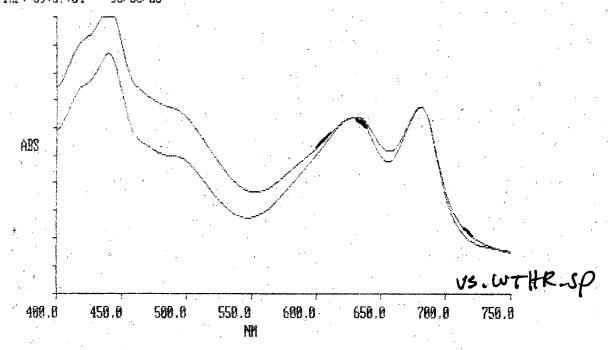
To be sure of specific Binding, Bead, washed 2x of 100 ut Brotin in buffer \$\omega\$. Then look at uv: a Most color on \$\omega\$123 6ead, good? after Brotin - specific binding of Ausza to stre?



321 323

+/30/98. Use StrC-coated bead, from bis metra. (Recombinant strC may work better). Experiment repealed as above, got similar but better results (binding of Ausz3 gave better/stronger fluoresume).

Z: 68323y82; abso 758.8-488.8; pts 351; int 1.88; and 8.4615-8.8795; Ainf: 89:37:84 98/82/23



— Anabaena PCC7120 (PBS323)

2-L culture in AAW/2+3 mm HEPES pH 9.0 +Sp20. Grown under Hz. bubbled.

IPTG-induced for 3.5 days. under IH. bubbled.

An 323

2,273 Am 3/25/5 &

Histag-Streptag2-pLI-CpcA

Exhibit IV

Isolation of HisTagged proteins from Anabaena PCC7120

(This method gets upper limit on yield; This is for using cells with wet weight ranging from 1 to 2 grams. It may be necessary to scale down or up the prep with different amount of cells)

Before starting: reserve the Ti60 angled rotor from Nikaido lab and cool it in the coldroom, and reserve the Ultracentrifuge; make sure that there are as many 23-ml ultra-centrifuge tubes as the number of samples; should have all the buffers ice-cold; should not do more than eight samples at a time.

- 1. Thaw frozen cell pellet on ice, add ice-cold buffer 0 to final 18 ml. Vortex to resuspend and homogenize.
- 2. Add (immediately before French press):

12 μl pure β-mercaptoethanol (final 10 mM)

200 µl 100x PMSF stock (final 1mM)

Invert several times to mix.

- 3. Transfer cell suspension to the large French Press cell; pass 3x at 18,000 psi ("high" setting dial to 1135); cool on ice afterwards.
- 4. Transfer cell lysate to a 23-ml ultracentrifuge tube, balance well, spin at 37,000 rpm (130,000 x g) at 4°C for 60 min. in the Ti60 rotor. Promptly take out the tubes after c ntrifuge.
- 5. Carefully pour out the supernate to a new 50-ml tube ---- take care not to carry over any membrane fraction. (the cell lysate supernate volume should be about 20 ml)
- 6. Bring up volume to 20 ml with buffer 0; spec:

7. Use 1 to 2 ml of Ni²⁺-NTA beads suspension to set up column, use of 1.0-cm diam. column is preferred.

- 8. Carefully pour lysate supernate into column, let settle a bit, then let drip slowly into a new 50-ml tube.
- 9. Reload flow-thru lysate supernate on the column, let drip slowly.

10. (Resuspend beads in all the following washes):

Wash with 1 column-full (about 20 ml) of buffer A1;

Wash with 1 column-full of buffer B;

Wash with 1 column-full of buffer A2.

Color of the beads after washing: dark /deep blue Beads overloaded?

11. Elute HisTagged proteins with 2 ml of eluent buffer C (resuspend beads), twice; [elute with another 2 ml of buffer C if necessary (do not resuspend beads, and let drip slowly].

Color of the eluate: clear deep bine tairly hard to elute.

6 x zml total.

Breach still quite blue.

filenane 1 803:30504

- 13. If the eluate has color, spec from 350 to 750 nm (can not spec with shorter wavelengths because of imidazole).
- 14. Immediately dialyze samples to eliminate imidazole ---- the 200 mM imidazole in **buffer** C denatures proteins slightly, and should not be with the proteins for an extended period of time.

Usual dialysis conditions (all should be done at 4° C): (all need 50 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH %.0, 50 ml of 4 M Na/KCl, and 1 ml of 1 M DTT)

4 liters of 25 mM Tris pH 7.0, 50 mM Na/KCl, 0.5 mM DTT; o/N

change buffer 1 times (depending on number of samples); then

2 liters of 50 mM Tris pH 7.0, 100 mM Na/KCl, 1 mM DTT.

15. Retrieve sample, and spec (use the final dialysis buffer to background).

12.5 ml; some precipitates.

-All buffers should be kept at 4°C:

Buffer 0:

20 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0 100 mM Na/KCl

Buffer A1:

20 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0 100 mM Na/KCl 20 mM imidazole 5% glycerol

Buffer B:

20 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0 1 M (!) Na/KCl

Buffer A2:

20 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0 100 mM Na/KCl 30 mM imidazole

Buffer C:

20 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0 100 mM Na/KCl 200 mM imidazole To make 1 liter: Add to 965 ml of MQ-H₂O

10 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

25 ml of 4 M Na/KCl

To make 1 liter: Add to 898 ml of MQ-H₂O

10 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

25 ml of 4 M Na/KCl

4 ml of 5 M imidazole

63 ml of 80% glycerol

To make 1 liter: Add to 740 ml of MQ-H₂O

10 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

250 ml of 4 M Na/KCl

To make 1 liter: Add to 959 ml of MQ-H₂O

10 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

25 ml of 4 M Na/KCl

6 ml of 5 M imidazole

To make 0.5 liter: Add to 462.5 ml of MQ-H₂O

5 ml of 2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

12.5 ml of 4 M Na/KCl

20 ml of 5 M imidazole

Other stock solutions needed:

100 mM PMSF (Dissolve 1.74 grams of PhenylMethylSulfonyl Fluoride in pure EtOH)

5 M imidazole (keep at 4°C)

4 M Na/KCl (2 M NaCl + 2 M KCl)

2 M Tris HCl pH 8.0

2 M Tris HCl pH 7.0

Y: 88330s64; absc 758.0-358.0; pts 401; int 1.80; ord -0.603-0.1525; A inf: 14:17:54 98/03/30 9,1698 152.5 A617·ml An323 cell lysate supernate 50x diluted for measurement 28 ml total: from 2.2 g cells 0.1239 0.0960 ADS 0.0640 0.0320 9998.0 550.8 600.0 650.0 700.0759.9 350.0 490.9 459.0 500.0 617-76 7 1525 誾 Bends overlands
non-elnable pigmts. >15.8%

